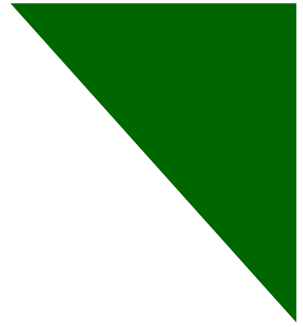


INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE



aokin mycontrol AFLA IAC

Order No.: MY-IC-M-03

Sample preparation with aokinImmunoCleanM columns (IAC)



Analytical-kit for rapid and quantitative determination of Aflatoxin B1 (AFLA).

Materials

aokinmycontrolAFLA IAC (Order No.: MY-IC-M-03-100)

Package content

Additional material may be needed (Methanol HPLC grade)

A) IC Consumables:

Filter paper

aokinExtractionSalt AFLA + spoon

aokinCElute AFLA

Reaction tubes 2 mL

IC Reservoirs (loading reservoirs) 25 mL

B) IC Liquids:

aokinExtractionSolvent AFLA / or aokinExtraction-Solvent Concentrate AFLA **(in this case please add Methanol HPLC grade)**

aokinCDilute 10x

aokinCWash

C) Immunoaffinity columns:

aokinImmunoClean M AFLA (Order No.: IC-M-03-100)

D) Materials for analytical measurement:

aokinReactionBuffer, Reaction buffer

aokinmycontrolAFLA, Reagent 1 (white cap), F-AFLA, (for 5 analyses each)

aokinmycontrolAFLA, Reagent 2 (green cap), A-AFLA, (for 5 analyses each)

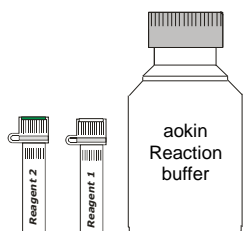


Figure 1: Reagent 1, F-AFLA (white cap), Reagent 2, A-AFLA (green cap) and Reaction buffer (1 L bottle)

E) Materials for internal quality control:

aokinmycontrol AFLA, negative control AFLA

(transparent), for zero value measurements

aokinmycontrolAFLA, Reagent 1 (white cap), F-AFLA, (for 5 analyses each)

aokinmycontrolAFLA, Reagent 2 (green cap), A-AFLA, (for 5 analyses each)

Note: All substances provided are precisely weighed and calibrated. Control of the volume and concentration of the individual solutions are essential for the precision of the analysis.

Caution: The extraction solvent may contain methanol. Work with professional care.

Storage Conditions: Reagents 1, 2 and aokinImmunoClean M AFLA columns must be stored at temperature of + 2 - 10°C. All other components may be stored at room temperature.

Quality Control: All materials and reagents are prepared according to strict quality control protocols. Exchanging reagents between kits having different Lot-numbers will lead to erroneous results and is not permitted.

Order Information:

aokinmycontrolAFLA (Order No.: MY-IC-M-03-100)

Introduction

aokinmycontrol AFLA is a rapid and precise quantitative method for analyzing total Aflatoxin B1 (AFLA). It has been specifically designed and calibrated for using aokinImmunoClean M columns. The sample preparation can be done in 25 minutes.

aokinmycontrolAFLA is available with a calibration, which has been validated for food products. Please use professional care and check the accuracy by regularly analyzing reference materials (*aokinReferenceMatrixMaterials*) and/or standards. Participation in proficiency tests is recommended.

aokin will gladly assist you to customize this test for your specific sample type and application. Please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sample	cereals, peanuts
Time required for sample preparation	25 minutes
Time required for measurement	3 minutes
Analysis	
	Measurement range [µg/kg]
Range 1	0,3 – 4,0
Range 2	0,6 – 8,0
Range 3	1,2 – 16,0

Aflatoxin

Aflatoxins (AFLA) are mycotoxins produced by molds such as *Aspergillus flavus* and *Aspergillus parasiticus*. Aflatoxin B1 is acutely toxic and among the most carcinogenic substances known. As a consequence, it is necessary to monitor AFLA content in food and feed products.

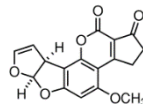


Figure 2: Chemical formula for Aflatoxin B1, C₁₇H₁₂O₆. Molecular weight: 312.3 g/mol

Recommended Accessories

All required materials are available from **aokin**.

Tel.: +49 30 9489 2160

aokinextractor (food blender)	Order No. EX-07-06
aokinwatchbox (timer for food blender)	EX-07-06-4
Weighing scale, d = 0,01 g	LB-03-04
Eppendorf centrifuge, variable g-force	LB-04-04
Variable pipettes (1000 µl)	LB-04-05-1000
Pipette tips (1000 µl)	LB-04-08-1000
Funnel	LB-05-04
Dispensette	LB-08-01
aokinReferenceMatrixMaterial	RMM-03
Reaction tubes, 2mL	LB-05-02
aokinCadapter	LB-08-10-05
aokinVacuumAdapter	LB-08-11
Vacuum-pump (diaphragm pump)	LB-04-10
Trap for vacuum-pump (vacuum-bottle)	LB-04-12
Vacuum manifold	LB-04-09
Glass fiber filters, GF/F	LB-04-13-100
Vacuum bottle and funnel for glass fiber filters (Büchner-Funnel)	LB-04-14
pH-indicator strips	LB-08-18
Magnetic stirrer plate (not heated)	LB-04-15
Magnetic stirrer (to degas)	LB-04-16-05

Sample preparation

The following protocol is an example. The quantification ranges are dependent on dilutions. Actual volume settings in the software may vary.

Note: It is of critical importance to use the correct sample preparation protocol for each quantification range. Use volumes displayed in the *aokin* software.

1. Quality control

There are free materials included in the kit, for your internal quality control: **Reagent 1**, **Reagent 2**, as well as **negative control** solutions for measurements of zero values (corresponding to samples free of mycotoxin).

Please regularly carry zero value measurements to ensure the accuracy of your measurements.

If you should measure increased zero values, please contact the *aokin* team.

2. Preparation (if needed)

Prepare *aokinExtractionSolvent* by adding of 800g Methanol HPLC grade to each delivered 1 L bottle of *aokinExtractionSolvent Concentrate AFLA*.

3. Sample collection, homogenisation, and grinding

The analysis sample is collected, ground, and homogenised according to an approved procedure. Small samples may be ground using the *aokinextractor*.

4. Weighing and extraction

Weigh 15 g of your sample, add one spoon (1,5 g) of *aokinExtractionSalt AFLA* and 30,4 g extraction solution (35 ml *aokinExtractionSolvent AFLA* at 20°C) directly into the extraction beaker (Figure 3). Preferentially the exact volume is applied using a dispensette.



Figure 3: Weighing

Close the extraction beaker with the lid (with the blending knives). Blend for 3.5 minutes. The recommended protocol has blending times alternating with resting time to avoid heating of the sample and is as follows: mix for 30 seconds, pause for 1 minute, mix for 30 seconds and so on (until 3.5 minutes of blending time). Use the *aokinwatchbox* (a preprogrammed timer) to conveniently and automatically complete this extraction protocol.



Figure 4: Extracting with the *aokinextractor* (blender)

5. Filtration

Place the filter on a suitable funnel and the funnel onto a collection container. Open the extraction beaker, pour the extract onto the filter and collect the filtrate. Discard the filter paper and filter cake. Shake/stir the filtrate to ensure homogeneity.



Figure 5: Filtration

6. Dilution

Dilute 3 mL of your collected filtrate with 2 mL of *aokinICDilute10x* and 19 mL deionized water. Shake softly.

Check the pH value. If necessary, readjust the pH value by adding diluted HCl or NaOH to a neutral pH (pH 6.5 - 7.5).

Important: all precipitate has to be removed before loading the column by glass fiber filtration to ensure a good flow through the column (see step 6b).



Figure 6: Filtration through a glass fiber filter using a vacuum (shown as an example for a coffee sample)

6. Clean up with *aokinImmunoClean M*

a) Preparation

Attach the vacuum manifold to a pump. Attach the *aokinImmunoClean M* column to the vacuum manifold (or alternatively onto an *aokin VacuumAdapter*) and transfer *aokinICWash* solution onto the column. Attach the *aokinICadapter* to the *aokinImmunoClean M* column and connect it to the loading reservoir. Pipette *aokinICWash* into the loading reservoir.

Important: No air bubbles should be visible in the column. Let the *aokinICWash* solution elute, leaving only a little liquid in the reservoir and so that the *aokinICadapter* and *aokinImmunoClean M* column are still filled with liquid.

b) Loading

Load the column with 20 ml of the diluted filtrate. Adjust the vacuum so that a flow rate of approximately 1 ml/min is produced (total running time approximately 20 minutes). The running speed can be reduced by closing the stopcock, or increased with applying vacuum. Alternatively, a positive pressure from above can be used.

Important: Do not let the *aokinImmunoClean M* column run dry before, or during loading.

Important: High flow rates lead to a reduced rate of recovery.

c) Washing

Fill 15 ml aokinCWash into the loading reservoir. Adjust the vacuum so that a high flow rate is achieved (running time approximately 2 minutes). The column bed should appear relatively colorless. If this is not observed, the wash step may be repeated. Let the column run dry.

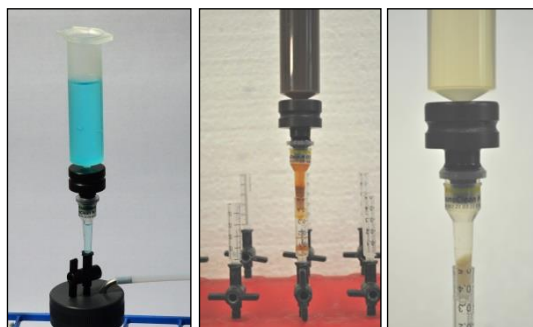


Figure 7: Attachment of reservoir, aokinCadapter and aokinImmunoClean M column to the aokin VacuumAdapter (left), to the vacuum manifold with a coffee sample (middle), and the coffee column after washing with aokinCWash (right).

d) Elution

Place the **aokinImmunoClean M** column into a collection tube and centrifuge for 1 minute at 1000 x g to remove the residual liquid.



Figure 8: The column is placed into a collection tube before eluent is added, and then the column is centrifuged to remove residual liquid.

Set the column into a new clean collection tube and pipette 300 µl aokinICElute AFLA into the column, close (half closed) the column after that with the lid. When closing the column, about 100 µl aokinICElute AFLA will be **pushed through the gel**. After incubation for 3 minutes, centrifuge for 1 minute at 3000 x g. The lid must remain on the column during centrifugation. The liquid is present in the collection vessel after centrifugation.

Repeat the step, by placing the just used **aokinImmunoClean M** column into a new collection tube and pipette again 300 µl aokinICElute AFLA into the column, following the procedure. Unite the eluates of both collection tubes and use it for the measurement (see step 7).

Important note: Eluates of some samples may show a precipitate. This leads to increased results. If you see or suspect a precipitation in the eluate than centrifuge eluate at high speed, than pipette supernatant into new collection tube and use for further analysis.

7. Analyzing

Use the eluate for analyzing in the aokinSpectrometerFP470.

Important: Gas bubbles can lead to measurement inaccuracies. It is strongly recommended to degas the reaction buffer (aokinReactionBuffer) before each use. This is performed by applying vacuum and stirring for 30 min.



Figure 9: Setup for degassing the reaction buffer (aokinReactionBuffer). This consists of: vacuum pump (hose and vacuum trap, not shown) and the reaction buffer in a bottle with a magnetic stirrer rod on a magnetic stirrer plate.

Please follow detailed instructions for spectrometer use.

This includes:

- 1) Place *Reagents 1* and *2* into position A6 and B6 of the sample rack of your spectrometer.
- 2) Place a 25 ml *Clean1*-glass container, filled with *Clean1* solution into the *Clean1*-position, on the left side, next to the palette.
- 3) Place a 25 ml *neg. control AFLA IAC*-glass container, filled with *negative control AFLA IAC solution = aokinICElute AFLA = Methanol* in the *Clean2*-position, on the left side of the palette.
- 4) Place an empty 2 mL vial in position A1 of the palette.
- 5) Place an empty waste bottle into the holder. Check presence of Reaction buffer and check if tubing is below the surface.
- 6) Place a new cuvette with a clean stirrer into the spectrometer.

Conversion factor: analyte concentration in cuvette (nM) to amount in sample (µg/kg)

 **aokinmycontrol** **AFLA IAC**
Standard

Step 1: Extraction

- Sample mass: $m_{\text{Sample}} = 15 \text{ g}$
- Volume extraction solvent: $V_{\text{Extraction solvent}} = 35 \text{ ml}$
- Molar mass Aflatoxin B1: $MW_{\text{Afla}} = 312,3 \left[\frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}} \right]$

Mycotoxin concentration in the sample extract:

$$c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = \frac{m_{\text{Sample}} [\text{kg}]}{V_{\text{Solvent}} [\text{l}] * MW_{\text{Mycotoxin}} \left[\frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}} \right]} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = \frac{0,015}{0,035 * 312,3} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = 0,001372 * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}}$$

Step 2: Dilution

- Volume Eluate: $V_{\text{eluate}} = 3 \text{ ml}$
- Total volume: $V_{\text{total}} = 24 \text{ ml}$
(2 ml ICDilute 10x + 19 ml Water + 3 ml Eluate)

$$c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Diluted}} = \frac{V_{\text{eluate}} [\text{ml}]}{V_{\text{total}} [\text{ml}]} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = \frac{3}{24} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = 0,125 * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}}$$

Step 3: Purification
with aokin IC M AFLA

- Volume sample extract load to the aokin IC-M column: $V_{\text{loaded sample extract}} = 20 \text{ ml}$
- Volume "aokin Elute" used for the elution of the column: $V_{\text{elute}} = 0,6 \text{ ml}$

Mycotoxin concentration in the column eluate:

$$c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}} = \frac{V_{\text{load}} [\text{ml}]}{V_{\text{elute}} [\text{ml}]} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = \frac{20}{0,6} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = 33,33 * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}}$$

Step 4: Measurement
aokin FP 470 / LHW 03

- Sample volume: $V_{\text{Column eluate}} = V_{\text{Sample}} = 200 \mu\text{l}$
- Total volume in the cuvette: $V_{\text{Cuvette}} = 2600 \mu\text{l}$

Mycotoxin concentration in the cuvette:

$$c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}} = \frac{V_{\text{Sample}} [\mu\text{l}]}{V_{\text{cuvette}} [\mu\text{l}]} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}} = \frac{200}{2600} * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}} = 0,0769 * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}}$$

Conversion factor: Extraction, Purification and Measurement

It follows the conversion factor from 1 to 4 above:

$$c \left[\frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}} = 0,001372 * 0,125 * 33,33 * 0,0769 * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = 0,00043957 * c \left[\frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} \quad \text{or}$$

$$c \left[\frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = \frac{1}{0,43957} * c \left[\frac{\text{nmol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}} = 2,274 * c \left[\frac{\text{nmol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}}$$

Dilution scheme of the standard solution sent for control purposes:

AFLA B1 [300 ng/mL] [960.61 nM] in Acetonitrile, 50 µl

aokinmycontrol AFLA IAC

Calibration:

Dilution scheme (example for standard experimental setup of 200 µl sample into 2600 µl of total cuvette volume):

AFLA B1 [300 ng/mL] [960.61 nM in vial]

↓ **1:20 diltution** in *MeOH*

15 ng/mL (48 nM in vial → **3.69 nM in cuvette**)

↓ **1:2 diltution** in *MeOH*

7.5 ng/mL (24 nM in vial → **1.85 nM in cuvette**)

↓ **1:2 diltution** in *MeOH*

3.75 ng/mL (12 nM in vial → **0.93 nM in cuvette**)

↓ **1:2 diltution** in *MeOH*

1.875 ng/mL (6 nM in vial → **0.46 nM in cuvette**)

MeOH

(→ **0.00 nM in cuvette**)

Positive control:

Dilution scheme (example for standard experimental setup of 200 µl sample into 2600 µl of total cuvette volume):

AFLA B1 [300 ng/mL] [960.61 nM in vial]

↓ **1:20 diltution** in *negative control AFLA SPE*

200 µl in RANGE 1

15 ng/mL (48 nM in vial -----> 3.69 nM in cuvette

in calculated volume for solid sample → 8.391 µg/kg)

100 µl in RANGE 2

15 ng/mL (48 nM in vial -----> 1.85 nM in cuvette

in calculated volume for solid sample → 4.196 µg/kg)

50 µl in RANGE 3

15 ng/mL (48 nM in vial -----> 0.93 nM in cuvette

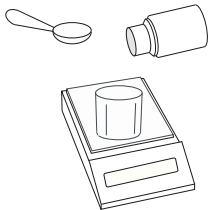
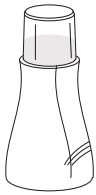

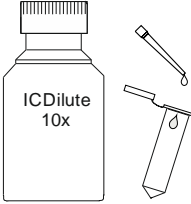
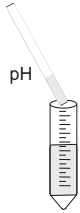
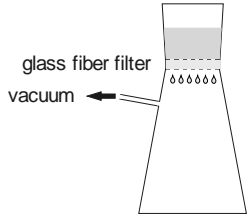
in calculated volume for solid sample → 2.098 µg/kg)

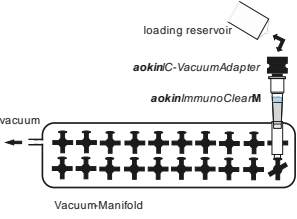

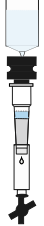
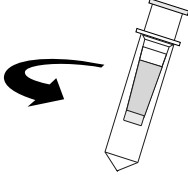
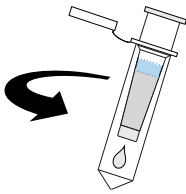
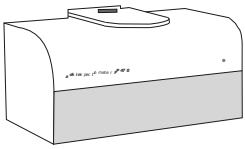
Aflatoxin / standard samples: *cereals, feeds, nuts*

- Recommended for standard types of samples:
wheat, corn, feeds, nuts

 **aokinmycontrol** **AFLA IAC**
Standard

Procedure:

Extraction		Weighing: 15 g sample 1,5 g aokinExtractionSalt AFLA 35 mL aokinExtractionSolvent AFLA
		Extraction: 3,5 min mixing with aokinwatchbox
		Filtration: collect filtrate (discard filter cake)
		3 mL filtrate 2 mL aokinICDilute10x 19 mL deionized water
		check and adjust to 6.5 - 7.5 pH, neutralize if necessary by adding NaOH or HCl
		filtrate through a glass fiber filter (optional)

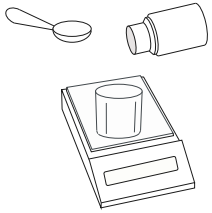
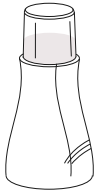

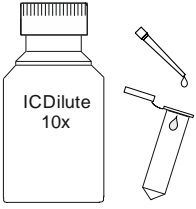
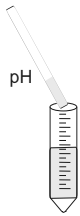
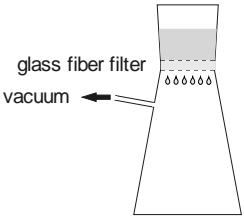
Purification		set up column
		20 ml filtrate, 1 drop / second (slow flow rate)
		15 ml aokinICWash
		1 min centrifuge at 1000 x g
		Elution: 1 x 300 µl aokinICElute AFLA 3 min incubation with lid on 1 min centrifuge at 3000 x g 1 x 300 µl aokinICElute AFLA 3 min incubation with lid on 1 min centrifuge at 3000 x g 2 x 300 µl transfer both eluates into clean 2 mL reaction tube
Measurement		Automatic Analyse (FP470 / LHW03): place the 2ml reaction tube in the sample holder of the <i>LHW03</i> 2200 µl aokin Reaction buffer 200 µl sample (diluted 1:1 - RANGE 1) (diluted 1:2 - RANGE 2) (diluted 1:4 - RANGE 3) 100 µl aokinmycontrol AFLA Reagent 1 100 µl aokinmycontrol AFLA Reagent 2
AFLA = Aflatoxin, Conversion factor: 1 nmol AFLA/L in cuvette = 2.274 µg/kg in sample		

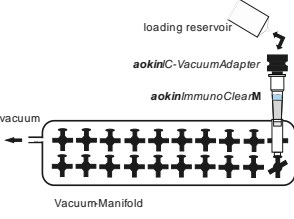

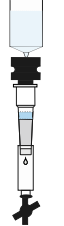
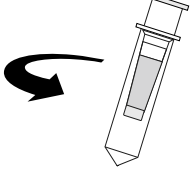
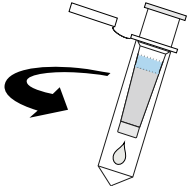
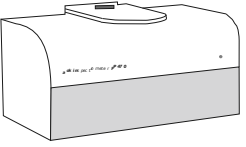
Aflatoxin / special samples: *spices, cocoa, roasted coffee*

- Recommended for colored sample types:
spices, cocoa, roasted coffee, some feeds, some nuts

 **aokinmycontrol** **AFLA IAC**
Special Matrices

Procedure:

Extraction		Weighing: 15 g sample 1,5 g aokinExtractionSalt AFLA 35 mL aokinExtractionSolvent AFLA
		Extraction: 3,5 min mixing with aokinwatchbox
		Filtration: collect filtrate (discard filter cake)
		3 mL filtrate 2 mL aokinICDilute 10x 19 mL deionized water
		check and adjust to 6.5 - 7.5 pH, neutralize if necessary by adding NaOH or HCl
		filtrate through a glass fiber filter (optional)

Purification		set up column
		20 ml filtrate, 1 drop / second (slow flow rate)
		5 – 20 ml aokinCWashTween 2 x 5 ml PBS
		1 min centrifuge at 1000 x g
		Elution: 1 x 300 µl aokinCElute AFLA 3 min incubation with lid on 1 min centrifuge at 3000 x g 1 x 300 µl aokinCElute AFLA 3 min incubation with lid on 1 min centrifuge at 3000 x g 2 x 300 µl transfer both eluates into clean 2 mL reaction tube
Measurement		Automatic Analyse (FP470 / LHW03): place the 2ml reaction tube in the sample holder of the LHW03 2200 µl aokin Reaction buffer 200 µl sample (diluted 1:1 - RANGE 1) (diluted 1:2 - RANGE 2) (diluted 1:4 - RANGE 3) 100 µl aokinmycontrol AFLA Reagent 1 100 µl aokinmycontrol AFLA Reagent 2
	AFLA = Aflatoxin, Conversion factor: 1 nmol AFLA/l in cuvette = 2.274 µg/kg in sample	