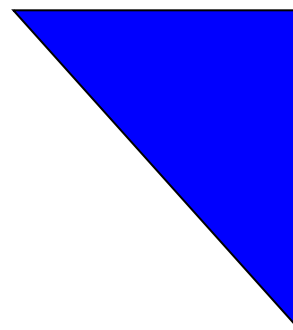


# INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE



Order No.: MYS-QC-02

## Quantitative determination of **Deoxynivalenol**

Includes sample preparation with *aokinQuickClean* columns (SPE) designed for use with **aokin FP analyzer**.

### Package content:

Order No. MYS-QC-02  
**aokinmycontrol DON**

<u>Order No</u>	<u>Material</u>	<u>Content</u>	<u>Application</u>	<u>Storage</u>
<b>MYS-QC-02-20</b> for 20 measurements	<b>aokinmycontrol DON</b> Kit for quantitative determination of Deoxynivalenol (DON)	<b>aokin EasyExtract DON Component A</b> ①, 1 pouch <b>aokin EasyExtract DON Component B</b> ②, 1 unit <b>sticker for aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+② <b>aokinQuickClean DON</b> ③, 20 units <b>aokin ReactionBuffer</b> ④, 1 bottle <b>DON Reagent</b> ⑤, 1 unit <b>DON Tracer</b> ⑤, 1 unit <b>DON positive control, Standard DON</b> ⑤, 1 unit	Measurement on <b>aokin FP analyzer</b>	Refrigerated  Do not freeze
<b>MYS-QC-02-100</b> for 100 measurements	<b>aokinmycontrol DON</b> Kit for quantitative determination of Deoxynivalenol (DON)	<b>aokin EasyExtract DON Component A</b> ①, 4 pouches <b>aokin EasyExtract DON Component B</b> ②, 4 units <b>sticker for aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+② <b>aokinQuickClean DON</b> ③, 100 units <b>aokin EasyReaction Buffer Component A</b> ④A, 1 unit <b>aokin EasyReaction Buffer Component B</b> ④B, 1 unit <b>sticker for aokin EasyReactionBuffer</b> ④ <b>DON Reagent</b> ⑤, 5 units <b>DON Tracer</b> ⑤, 5 units <b>DON positive control, Standard DON</b> ⑤, 5 units	Measurement on <b>aokin FP analyzer</b>	Refrigerated  Do not freeze

Analytical-kit for rapid and quantitative determination of Deoxynivalenol (DON) in wheat, corn and other grains or feed.

## Materials

All materials provided are precisely weighed and calibrated. Control of the volume and concentration of the individual solutions are essential for the precision of the analysis.

### Quality control:

All materials and reagents are prepared according to strict quality control protocols. Exchanging reagents between kits having different Lot-numbers will lead to erroneous results and is not permitted.

### Preparation of buffers:

<b>MYS-QC-02-20</b> for 20 measurements:
<p>The complete content of the <i>EasyExtract DON Component A</i> ① pouch plus the <i>EasyExtract DON Component B</i> ② needs to be dissolved in a total of 1 L <u>distilled</u> or <u>deionized</u> water = <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+②.</p> <p>Prepare the solution and label the container with the sticker <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+② included in the kit, on which you can note the preparation date.</p>
<p><b>aokin ReactionBuffer</b> ④ included in the kit has to be brought to room temperature (best 18-26°C) for usage.</p>

<b>MYS-QC-02-100</b> for 100 measurements:
<p>The complete content of the <i>EasyExtract DON Component A</i> ① pouch plus the <i>EasyExtract DON Component B</i> ② needs to be dissolved in a total of 1 L <u>distilled</u> or <u>deionized</u> water = <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+②.</p> <p>Prepare 4x the solution and label the containers with stickers <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+② included in the kit, on which you can note the preparation date.</p>
<p>The complete content of the <i>EasyReaction Buffer Component A</i> ④Ⓐ plus the <i>EasyReaction Buffer Component B</i> ④Ⓑ needs to be dissolved in a total of 500 mL <u>distilled</u> or <u>deionized</u> water = <b>aokin EasyReactionBuffer</b> ④.</p> <p>Prepare the solution and label the container with the sticker <b>aokin EasyReactionBuffer</b> ④ included in the kit, on which you can note the preparation date.</p> <p><b>aokin EasyReactionBuffer</b> ④ has to be brought to room temperature (best 18-26°C) for usage.</p>

### Storage and stability:

**aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+② is stable for 12 months without refrigeration (15° - 30°C).

**aokin ReactionBuffer** ④ is stable for 12 months without refrigeration (15° - 30°C).

Kit reagents (**DON Reagent** ⑤, **DON Tracer** ⑤, **positive control** ⑤) must be stored in a refrigerator (2-10°C).

Any other components can be stored at ambient temperature.

Do not use expired or contaminated components, or components from other kits. Do not mix components from different manufactured lots. A certificate of analysis (COA) is available upon request at info@aokin.com.

### Materials and instrumentation required but not provided:

**aokin FP analyzer**, 10x75 mm borosilicate glass test tubes for **aokin FP analyzer**, Micro-pipette: 10 – 200 µL, 100-1000 µL and related pipette tips, 2 mL collection tubes, tube vortex mixer, centrifuge, timer, deionized water for buffer reconstitution.

Alternative to the **aokin FP analyzer** other FP single tube readers or FP microplate readers can be used. Depending on instrumentation the applied volumes need adjustment. Black flat bottom microtiter plates are recommended for use with FP microplate readers.

**aokinmycontrol DON Special Matrix** (sample preparation for barley and oats) and **aokinmycontrol DON Sensitive** (sample preparation for low contaminated standard samples like wheat, triticale and corn or low contaminated absorbent samples) require additional matrix removal columns (**aokinQuickClean DON** ③, order number QC-02-100), which are not included in the regular **aokinmycontrol DON Kit** (MYS-QC-02).

## Introduction

**aokinmycontrol DON** is a rapid method for quantifying Deoxynivalenol (DON). It has been specifically designed and calibrated for the analysis of food and feed and includes a sample preparation with matrix removal columns (**aokinQuickClean DON** ③). Samples in the µg/kg range (µg/kg = ppb) can be analysed for DON in under 10 minutes.

**aokinmycontrol DON** is available with a calibration, which has been validated for grains and other food and feed products. Daily checks of negative control and positive control (either liquid standard or reference matrix extract) are required to ensure reliable results.

FPA technology works on clear homogeneous liquids without particles or emulsions, therefore avoid practices that may contaminate the test controls, test buffer or test reagents. **aokin** will gladly assist you customizing the test for your specific sample type and application. Please do not hesitate to contact us.

Polarization readings are affected by temperature. Polarization readings decrease by around 3 mP (millipolarization units) for a temperature increase of 4°C.

The method is best used at constant temperatures between controls and sample measures. If a temperature change of >10°C is observed, a new calibration is recommended.

### Health:

All materials in this kit should be treated as any other laboratory chemicals. Avoid ingestion, eye contact and other potential detrimental exposure. A material safety data sheet (MSDS) is available upon request.

### Negative controls:

Negative control should be run in triplicate at regular intervals with the single tube assay or on every microtiter plate, respectively. Avoid temperature variations of more than 1°C during one determination. Mix well with a vortexer and wait 60 s before taking the value. Be careful to avoid bubbles when pipetting into microtiter plates.

Negative control DON = **aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+②

### Positive controls:

Positive controls are recommended as an additional measure to adjust the calibration for small temperature changes. Reference matrix materials are best used to determine the recovery rate and to do a recovery rate correction if needed.

Positive control DON ⑤ = Standards diluted in prepared **aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+②

**Deoxynivalenol 100 ng/mL** in Negative control DON, use 20 to 180 µL within the assay, fill up with Negative control DON (**aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+②) for overall 200 µL sample.

(Example: 100 µL **Deoxynivalenol 100 ng/mL** + 100 µL Negative control DON (**aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+②) = 50 ng/mL DON within the assay)

## Deoxynivalenol

Deoxynivalenol (DON) is a mycotoxin produced by *Fusarium* molds. It is a suspected carcinogen, with acute poisoning resulting in vomiting.

National and international regulatory agencies have set permissible limits on the amount of DON allowed in food and feed. As a consequence, it is strongly recommended to monitor DON content in all grain, corn, food and feed raw materials and products.

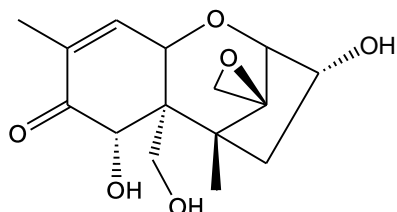


Figure 1: Chemical formula of Deoxynivalenol ( $C_{15}H_{20}O_6$ , Molecular weight: 296,3 g/mol)

### Standard sample preparation for wheat and corn (Page 8/11) (for other types of samples follow the instructions on the last pages)

#### 1. Preparation

- 1.1. Allow **aokin ReactionBuffer** ④ to reach room temperature (15°C to 30°C) before use.
- 1.2. Prepare buffers and solutions:  
**aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+② = **EasyExtract DON Component A** ① + **EasyExtract DON Component B** ② dissolved in deionized water.  
**Negative control DON** = **aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+②.  
**Positive control DON** = DON Standard ⑤ diluted in Negative control DON.

#### 2. Instrument adjustment

Instruments must be set up and calibrated according to manufacturer's specifications. For detailed information, please consult instrument manual and contact technical support.

#### 3. Sample collection, grinding and mixing

The analysis sample is collected, ground, and mixed/homogenised according to an approved procedure. For convenience volumes may be ground and mixed by using a knife-blender.

#### 4. Weighing and extraction

Weigh 5 g of your sample and add 35 mL **aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** ①+② directly into an extraction beaker. Preferentially the exact volume is applied using a dispensette. Extract sample with **aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON** by blending for 1 minute at high speed. Alternatively, a magnetic stirrer can be used for a minimum of 10 minutes for extraction.

#### 5. Filtration or centrifugation

Filter the raw extract through a fluted filter. Discard the filter cake and use the filtrate. Alternatively centrifuge the raw extract and use the supernatant.

#### 6. Use of **aokinQuickClean** column

Place an **aokinQuickClean DON** ③ column in a 2 mL collection tube and add 500 - 600  $\mu$ L of the filtrate/supernatant (preferable 500  $\mu$ L) (Figure 2). Place it in the centrifuge and spin for 2 minutes at 2000 - 6000 x g (preferable 5000 x g) or until all liquid passed the column. Your sample is now ready for analysis.

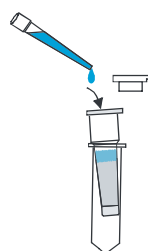


Figure 2: Pipetting of the extract onto the **aokinQuickClean** column

## 7. Introduction of general testing procedure

- 7.1. Pipette 860 µL of **aokin ReactionBuffer** ④ into the test tube.
- 7.2. Add 200 µL of clear sample extract (if necessary fill up with Negative control DON solution if sample extract is too concentrated, example: 100 µL sample + 100 µL Negative control DON for overall 200 µL sample volume) or a control into the test tube.

**Note:** Run negative controls in triplicate, and positive control and samples as duplicates for best performance.

- 7.3. Add 20 µL of **DON Reagent (BLUE cap)** ⑤ into the test tube.
- 7.4. Mix well/vortex (without spilling).
- 7.5. Obtain background measurement readings of all samples and controls. Wait a minimum of 1 minute and a maximum of 15 minutes between mixing and reading.
- 7.6. Add 20 µL of **DON tracer (RED cap)** ⑤ into the first test tube.
- 7.7. Mix well.
- 7.8. Incubate for 60 seconds.
- 7.9. Obtain tracer measurement of the sample.
- 7.10. Repeat steps 7.6 to 7.9 for all test tubes.

**Note:** Include one set of controls after each hour of testing, or on each microtiter plate. Performing measurements of negative controls regularly will ensure the accuracy of your determinations.

## 8. Data acquisition and analysis

### 8.1. Mix and Read Process

- 8.1.1. Mix buffer, sample and reagent in exact volumes and at exactly specified time intervals. Read background fluorescence in horizontal and vertical direction.
- 8.1.2. Add tracer, incubate for exactly the specified time. Read emission values in horizontal and vertical direction.

### 8.2. Background information

The fluorophore is excited with polarized light, depending on the rotational velocity of the fluorophore (or the fluorophore antibody complex) the emission will also be polarized. The emission intensities using horizontally directed and vertically directed polarization filters are detected for the background and for the reaction. Followed by an automatic calculation of polarization from the value changes in vertical and horizontal direction.

$$P = (\Delta H - \Delta V) / (\Delta H + \Delta V).$$

### 8.3. Software: direct use of excel worksheet - **aokin mycontrol** version of software – **alternatively use user interface**

**Advice:** Use a copy of the empty original excel worksheet to do all measurements of one series. When you start with a new series including negative controls, positive controls and sample analysis measurements, use a new copy of the empty original worksheet saved previously with the name of your series and the date.

**Note:**

- Connect computer with **aokin** FP analyser
- Install the **aokin** software
- One excel row = one experiment
- Green cells can be written into
- Yellow cells are for measuring: highlight a cell in the correct line and press F3
- Brown cells are for information only
- Light green cells contain evaluations = calculations and end results

## 9. Daily Check I:

- a. Use negative control (= *aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON* ①+②) in Step 7.2
- b. Software: Choose **Daily Check I** in the user interface or alternatively **Offset at given T°C Sheet** in particular excel version of software

- 9.1. Pipette 860 µl of *aokin ReactionBuffer* ④ into a test tube.
- 9.2. Add 200 µL of a negative control into the test tube. The negative control for DON is the prepared *aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON* ①+②.
- 9.3. Add 20 µL of *DON Reagent (BLUE cap)* ⑤ into the test tube.
- 9.4. Mix well/vortex (without spilling).
- 9.5. Obtain background measurement reading.
- 9.6. Add 20 µL of *DON Tracer (RED cap)* ⑤ into the first test tube.
- 9.7. Mix well.
- 9.8. Incubate for 60 seconds.
- 9.9. Obtain tracer measurement.

**Note:** Run negative controls in triplicate.

#### 10. Daily Check II-A:

- a. Use liquid positive control in Step 7.2
- b. Software: Choose **Daily Check II, Liquid standard** in the user interface or alternatively **Recovery rate at given T°C Sheet** in particular excel version of software

- 10.1. Pipette 860 µl of *aokin ReactionBuffer* ④ into a test tube.
- 10.2. Add 200 µL of a positive control into the test tube. The positive control is a liquid standard diluted in prepared *aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON* ①+②.  
Respectively **Deoxynivalenol 100 ng/mL** in Negative control DON, use 20 to 180 µL within the assay, fill up with Negative control DON (*aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON* ①+②) for overall 200 µL sample.  
(Example: 100 µL **Deoxynivalenol 100 ng/mL** + 100 µL Negative control DON (*aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON* ①+②) = 50 ng/mL DON within the assay)
- 10.3. Add 20 µL of *DON Reagent (BLUE cap)* ⑤ into the test tube.
- 10.4. Mix well/vortex (without spilling).
- 10.5. Obtain background measurement reading.
- 10.6. Add 20 µL of *DON Tracer (RED cap)* ⑤ into the first test tube.
- 10.7. Mix well.
- 10.8. Incubate for 60 seconds.
- 10.9. Obtain tracer measurement.

**Note:** Run positive controls in duplicate.

#### 11. Alternative Daily Check II-B:

- a. Use of a final extract of a reference matrix material as positive control in Step 7.2
- b. Software: Choose **Daily Check II, Reference Matrix** in the user interface or **Recovery rate at given T°C Sheet** in particular excel version of software

- 11.1. Choose a reference matrix sample most similar to your samples.  
Example: In case you analyse wheat, use a wheat reference matrix sample containing a known amount of mycotoxin.
- 11.2. Prepare the reference matrix sample according to Steps 4, 5, 6.
- 11.3. Pipette 860 µl of *aokin ReactionBuffer* ④ into a test tube.
- 11.4. Add 200 µL of the reference matrix extract into the test tube.
- 11.5. Add 20 µL of *DON Reagent (BLUE cap)* ⑤ into the test tube.
- 11.6. Mix well/vortex (without spilling).
- 11.7. Obtain background measurement reading.
- 11.8. Add 20 µL of *DON Tracer (RED cap)* ⑤ into the first test tube.
- 11.9. Mix well.
- 11.10. Incubate for 60 seconds.
- 11.11. Obtain tracer measurement.

**Note:** Run positive controls in duplicate. Repeat with a different dilution (Step 7.2), if needed.

## 12. Testing procedure – Sample:

a. Use sample extract in in Step 7.2

b. Software: Choose **Analysis** in the user interface or **Analysis at given T°C Sheet** in particular excel version of software

- 12.1. Pipette 860 µL of **aokin ReactionBuffer** ④ into the test tube.
- 12.2. Add 200 µL of clear sample extract or a control into the test tube.
- 12.3. Add 20 µL of **DON Reagent (BLUE cap)** ⑤ into the test tube.
- 12.4. Mix well/vortex (without spilling).
- 12.5. Obtain background measurement readings of all samples and controls.
- 12.6. Add 20 µL of **DON Tracer (RED cap)** ⑤ into the first test tube.
- 12.7. Mix well.
- 12.8. Incubate for 60 seconds.
- 12.9. Obtain tracer measurement of the first sample.
- 12.10. Repeat Steps 12.6 to 12.9 for all test tubes.

**Note:** Run samples as duplicates. Repeat with a different dilution (Step 7.2), if needed.

## 13. Test validation

- 13.1. The mean negative control must read between 160 and 230 mP.
- 13.2. The positive control must always read lower than the negative control. Expected values of the positive control are 10 mP to 50 mP lower than the negative control.
- 13.3. If the negative or positive control produce values outside of the expected values, the instrument should be recalibrated using the procedures described in the instrument manual.
- 13.4. Check the accuracy of your measurements by regularly analysing reference materials (e.g. **aokinReferenceMatrixMaterials**), or other verified materials with known amounts of contaminants. Participation in proficiency tests is recommended as good laboratory practice.

Recommendation: If you notice erroneous measurement values, change the test tube and repeat the measurement after performing measurement of controls. Check that the liquid in the tube is not cloudy and that there are no bubbles after mixing.

**Note:** Repeat the daily checks after each hour of testing, or on each microtiter plate. Performing measurements of controls regularly will ensure the accuracy of your determinations. **The results of the daily checks are used to normalize the readings, this ensures the analytical performance.**

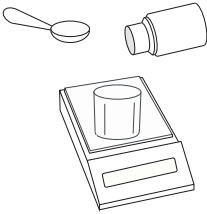
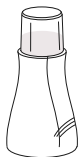

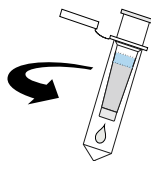
Be aware: The general composition of controls and samples should always be identical in salt concentration, pH and solvent ratio.



## Standard

Sample preparation for **wheat, wheat flour, triticale, corn, corn flour**  
*Deoxynivalenol LOD 35 µg/kg*

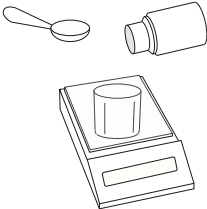
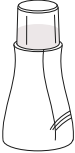

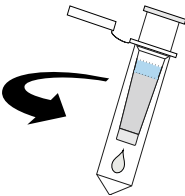
(Sample preparation for **bran and other absorbent samples** please use double amount of **aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON**, *Deoxynivalenol LOD 70 µg/kg*)

Extraction		<b>Weighing:</b>  5 g sample 35 mL <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+②
		<b>Extraction:</b>  1 min mixing
		<b>Filtration:</b>  collect filtrate (discard filter cake)
Purification		<b>SPE-Filtration:</b>  500-600 µL filtrate on <b>aokinQuickClean DON</b> column ③  2 min centrifuge at 2000 - 6000 x g or until all liquid passed column  use filtrate for measurement
	Measurement	<b>Quantification:</b>  add into tube:  860 µL <b>aokin ReactionBuffer</b> ④ 200 µL sample 20 µL <b>DON Reagent BLUE</b> ⑤ mix well measure background 20 µL add <b>DON Tracer RED</b> ⑤ mix well, incubate 60 sec measure tracer  Mix and read



**Special Matrix**

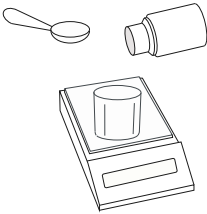
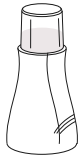

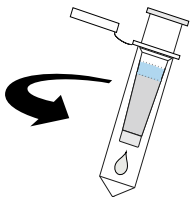
Sample preparation for **barley and oats**  
Deoxynivalenol LOD 35 µg/kg

<b>Extraction</b>		<p><b>Weighing:</b></p> <p>5 g sample 35 mL <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+②</p>
		<p><b>Extraction:</b></p> <p>1 min mixing</p>
		<p><b>Filtration:</b></p> <p>collect filtrate (discard filter cake)</p>
<b>Purification</b>		<p><b>SPE-Filtration:</b></p> <p><b>1. column:</b> 600 µL filtrate on <b>aokinQuickClean DON</b> column ③</p> <p>2 min centrifuge at 2000 - 6000 x g</p> <p><b>2. column:</b> filtrate of the 1<sup>st</sup> <b>aokinQuickClean</b> on 2<sup>nd</sup> <b>aokinQuickClean</b> column ③</p> <p>≥ 400 µL</p> <p>2 min centrifuge at 2000 - 6000 x g or until all liquid passed column use filtrate for measurement</p>
		<p><b>Quantification:</b></p> <p>add into tube: <b>aokin ReactionBuffer</b> ④</p> <p>860 µL sample 200 µL <b>DON Reagent BLUE</b> ⑤ 20 µL mix well measure background add <b>DON Tracer RED</b> ⑤ 20 µL mix well, incubate 60 sec measure tracer</p>
<b>Measurement</b>	Mix and read	

**Sensitive Standard**

Sample preparation for **low contaminated standard samples** like **wheat, triticale and corn**

Deoxynivalenol LOD 12 µg/kg

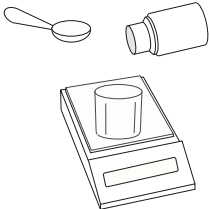
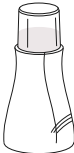

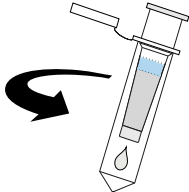
<b>Extraction</b>		<p><b>Weighing:</b></p> <p>15 g sample 35 mL <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+②</p>
		<p><b>Extraction:</b></p> <p>1 min mixing</p>
		<p><b>Filtration:</b></p> <p>collect filtrate (discard filter cake)</p>
<b>Purification</b>		<p><b>SPE-Filtration:</b></p> <p><b>1. column:</b> 600 µL filtrate on <b>aokinQuickClean DON</b> column ③ 2 min centrifuge at 2000 - 6000 x g</p> <p><b>2. column:</b> ≥ 400 µL filtrate of the 1<sup>st</sup> <b>aokinQuickClean</b> on 2<sup>nd</sup> <b>aokinQuickClean</b> column ③ 2 min centrifuge at 2000 - 6000 x g or until all liquid passed column use filtrate for measurement</p>
		<p><b>Quantification</b></p> <p>add into tube:</p> <p>860 µL <b>aokin ReactionBuffer</b> ④ 200 µL sample 20 µL <b>DON Reagent BLUE</b> ⑤ mix well measure background 20 µL add <b>DON Tracer RED</b> ⑤ mix well, incubate 60 sec measure tracer</p>
<b>Measurement</b>	<p>Mix and read</p>	



## Sensitive Absorbent

Sample preparation for **low contaminated absorbent samples**

Deoxynivalenol LOD 18 µg/kg

<b>Extraction</b>		<p><b>Weighing:</b></p> <p>10 g sample 35 mL <b>aokin EasyExtractBuffer DON</b> ①+②</p>
		<p><b>Extraction:</b></p> <p>1 min mixing</p>
		<p><b>Filtration:</b></p> <p>collect filtrate (discard filter cake)</p>
<b>Purification</b>		<p><b>SPE-Filtration:</b></p> <p><b>1. column:</b> 900 µL filtrate on <b>aokinQuickClean DON</b> column ③ 2 min centrifuge at 2000 - 6000 x g</p> <p><b>2. column:</b> ≥ 600 µL filtrate of the 1<sup>st</sup> <b>aokinQuickClean</b> on 2<sup>nd</sup> <b>aokinQuickClean</b> column ③ 2 min centrifuge at 2000 - 6000 x g or until all liquid passed column use filtrate for measurement</p>
		<p><b>Quantification</b></p> <p>add into tube:</p> <p>660 µL <b>aokin ReactionBuffer</b> ④ 400 µL sample 20 µL <b>DON Reagent BLUE</b> ⑤ mix well measure background 20 µL add <b>DON Tracer RED</b> ⑤ mix well, incubate 60 sec measure tracer</p>
<b>Measurement</b>	<p>Mix and read</p>	